



Moth Trapping Report

Summary

Location:	Green Cross Cottage, South Garden (TQ3615)
Date:	04/11/2025
Trap(s):	MV Robinson Trap
Recorders(s):	Chris Chapman
Moth Count:	9
Species Count: (see notes)	7 New for Year: 2 New for Location: 0 Total new species for Location this Year: 83 Species Count for Year: 426 Species Total for Location: 522
Non-species Count:	1
Notable Record Count:	3

Full List

NFY = New Species For Year

Species	Count	Type	Sussex Status	Comment
Beaded Chestnut (<i>Agrochola lychnidis</i>)	1	Macro	Common (2,459)	Resident. The larvae feed on unspecified grasses and low growing plants.
December Moth (<i>Poecilocampa populi</i>) NFY	1	Macro	Common (1,702)	Resident. Larvae feed mainly on oak, and occasionally on hawthorn and other deciduous trees.
Green-brindled Crescent (<i>Allophyas oxyacanthae</i>)	1	Macro	Common (2,191)	Resident. Larvae feed on hawthorn, sloe and garden apple.
Merveille du Jour (<i>Griposia aprilina</i>)	1	Macro	Common (1,616)	Resident. Larvae feed on oak.
November Moth agg. (<i>Epirrita dilutata</i> agg.)	1	Micro		
Red-green Carpet (<i>Chloroclysta siterata</i>)	1	Macro	Common (3,131)	Resident. Larvae feed on oak, ash, apple and willow.
Sprawler (<i>Asteroscopus sphinx</i>) NFY	2	Macro	Fairly Common (577)	Resident. Larvae feed on oak, hazel, willow, aspen.
Yellow-line Quaker (<i>Leptologia macilenta</i>)	1	Macro	Common (2,605)	Resident. The larvae feed on oak, beech and hawthorn.

Notable Records

Species	Comment
Beaded Chestnut (<i>Agrochola lychnidis</i>)	Only the 5th time recorded at this location.
Yellow-line Quaker (<i>Leptologia macilenta</i>)	Only the 4th time recorded at this location.
Sprawler (<i>Asteroscopus sphinx</i>)	Only the 3rd time recorded at this location.

Images



December Moth (*Poecilocampa populi*)



Merveille du Jour (*Griposia aprilina*)



Sprawler (*Asteroscopus sphinx*)

Notes

The numbers in the **Species Count** section of the **Summary** section only include moths that have been identified to species level.

You can see more details of each species from the [UK Moths website](#) by clicking on the name of the species. This doesn't apply to records at genus level or aggregates.

The Sussex Status is an **unofficial** indication of the likelihood of encountering the species in Sussex based on data sourced from the [Sussex Moth Group](#) website. The number in brackets is the minimum number of times the moth has been recorded in Sussex.

The species comments are primarily sourced from the excellent volumes of **A Revised History of the Butterflies and Moths of Sussex** by C R Pratt.

Produced by Chris Chapman ([Plumpton & East Chiltington Wildlife Group](#))